

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XXII, NO. 16

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, Sept. 13th, 1934

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

United Church
September 16th
Empress—
Sunday School, 10:30 a.m.
Church Service, 11:30 a.m.
Wainfleet, 2:00 p.m.
Mayfield, 4:00 p.m.
Rev A. J. Law, B.A., Pastor

Free Land in The North

The good land available to settlers under the homestead plan in northern Saskatchewan is scarce is the opinion expressed by the North Battleford Optimist, a leading newspaper of northern Saskatchewan, whose editor H. G. Sheldrake, has been familiar with the north country for the last quarter of a century.

The Optimist, discussing the situation last week, said:

One can hardly pick up a newspaper in southern Saskatchewan without reading of the movement of blocks of settlers trekking from the dried-out plains of the south and going "north." Evidence of this northward trekking can be seen on the highways in this territory where improvised caravans with oft-times meager farm of fests, are wending their way to seek new homes up in the northern bush. Most of them are moving from settlements in the semi-arid districts of the south after a struggle with disabilities which kept them impoverished during the "good" years, and which drove them out in the lean years.

How many human tragedies are represented in these modern-day migrations can only be understood by those best familiar with all the facts—those women lured by the promise of building up prosperous homes in Western Canada who, after years of the hardest kind of labor and the most frugal existence, find themselves faced with starvation.

The point we want to make is this? Is there proper super-vision in regard to this northern trekking? Does the free land available offer a white man and woman a decent living in reward for honest effort? Is there likely to be a further hopeless struggle against odds?

For our part, we are of the opinion that lands in the north suitable for settlement, and a fair chance of men and women building up decent homes for themselves and fair prospects

Hon. F. S. Grisdale
To Be Here Sept. 27
Hon. F. S. Grisdale, now Minister of Agriculture for Alberta, will be in this district on September 27, and will address a meeting at Bindloss Hall at 2 p.m., and one at Empress at 8 p.m. The visit of the Minister is for the purpose of obtaining personal information of conditions here. W. C. Smith, M.L.A., will accompany Mr. Grisdale.

Relief Work To Be Commenced This Fall

It is reported that over \$250,000 is being allocated by the Provincial Government to cover public works for districts in the various dried out areas of southern Alberta. Work on proposed storage dams and road work is to be commenced this fall. It is stated that in the Hand Hills constituency \$50,000 is to be spent on provincial relief work, and the town of Handa is expecting a grant of \$2,000. Money for this work is being handled through the municipalities.

for their children, are scarce. There are thousands of square miles in the north unoccupied. That is true, but much of this land would be better left unoccupied than to beguile men and women with false hopes of making a living.

It would have been much better for the province had many thousands of acres of its semi-arid hills been closed to settlement in the early days. Stout hearts cannot cope with nature where she refuses to yield her bounties. Surely, with all the investigations and commissions of one kind or another, the government should have sufficient information available to determine whether or not any portion of the province is suitable for settlement. Further, with that knowledge there should be proper regulation and restriction. Land which does not offer a fair opportunity to produce a living should be set aside for forestation or some other purpose for which it may be better fitted. In any case it would be better left to the wild life of the province than to be opened up for human habitation, where life is reduced to a constant and unsuccessful struggle against impossible odds.

Social Party

A farewell party was held in the United Church building on Saturday evening by the Ladies of the Congregation. The guests of honor were: Mademoiselle Marjorie Robertson and Turner. An entertainment was given in the church building which consisted mostly of vocal and instrumental musical numbers. After the entertainment a lunch was served in the Sunday School room.

To Discuss Health Insurance

A general meeting of representatives of various organizations in the province, to discuss the legislative committee's report on health insurance, will be held in the medical building at the university in Edmonton, on Friday, September 21. The meeting is being held in order that the public may be fully informed regarding the proposals recommended by the legislative committee with respect to a plan of health insurance. Delegates from representative groups in the province will be in attendance, and it is announced that any one interested will be welcome. It is hoped that Mr. Hugh H. Wolfenden, consulting actuary to the Canadian Life Insurance Companies as association, will be present at the meeting, as he is to be in the West at that time. Mr. Wolfenden is an internationally known actuarial authority.

C.C.F. Win In British Columbia By-Election

Victoria, B.C.—That the Co-operative Commonwealth Federation, is still a force to be reckoned with in British Columbia at least, was shown by the party's sweeping victory in the first by-election held here since the general election of last November.

Mrs. R. P. Steeves, of the C.C.F. defeated the Lib Gov. government's candidate who had the backing of a ministry firmly entrenched in power and in office less than a year. Politics has all sides won mixed at the result of the poll, particularly as the Government of Mr. T. D. Patullo had declared in advance that it regarded the vote as a test of public confidence in its policies.

The Government interpreted the vote as a protest against economic conditions in the country generally and as a demand for a new national policy of recovery. Mrs. Steeves is the third woman elected to the British Columbia Legislature,

Hanna B. of T. Interview
C.N.R. Officials on
Stock-Watering Scheme

Wednesday afternoon of last week, a party of U.N.R. officials, including J. S. Hungerford, pres., travelled the Goose Lake line on an inspection trip. At Hanna, they were interviewed by members of the Board of Trade, who called to their attention the possibilities of the "Winnipeg Stock-Watering Scheme." A blue-print of the entire project, together with other matter on the project, says the Hanna Herald, was viewed by the C.N.R. officials with interest. It is believed that by the completion or semi-completion of the project, the C.N.R. might find a solution to some of their water troubles along the Goose Lake line.

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Game Season to Open

The annual duck season opens in the province, south of the Athabasca River, at noon, on September 15. The open season extends to November 15. The open season for moose and caribou, opens November 1 for six weeks.

Patient Travels to
Edmonton by Aeroplane

An aeroplane arrived here on Monday morning, piloted by Mr. Craig, of Flaxcombe, to take Mr. Simpson, a patient of the local hospital, to Edmonton, for brain specialist treatment. The patient was in a state of entire helplessness from some unknown source that was affecting his brain and causing a state of semi-consciousness.

Billy Leach was operated on the first of this week for appendicitis.

Bindloss Notes

Mrs. A. C. Falconer, who has been holidaying at Vancouver and Qualicum Beach V.I., has returned home.

Mrs. Frank Gallup has returned from her vacation at the coast.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Barber and Mr. A. G. Bendall are leaving today for a trip north.

Mr. and Mrs. Al. Sirrols and children, have moved to their new home at Pine Lake, Alberta.

Mr. Bert Donovan has taken charge of the Empress Lumber Yards here.

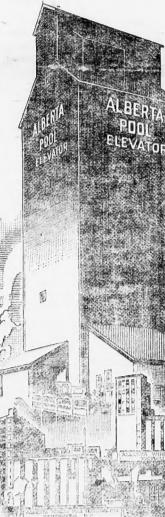
Mr. Harry Smith left on Friday for Duchess.

Mrs. D. Gallup left on Saturday for Rocky Mountain House, to stay with her brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Chasenay.

W. M. S. Meeting

The W.M.S. will hold their regular meeting on Wednesday, September 19, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. MacRae, at 3 o'clock. Mrs. J. Boswell will be hostess.

Following An Ideal



THE builders of Alberta Pool Elevators, the men and women who put their money, their time and their energy into the project, had definite ideas before them.

They wanted a co-operative concern, first and foremost, operating on the basis of a public utility, with the profit motive secondary to that of equity and service, and built upon the foundations of co-operation as established imperishably by the pioneers of the movement.

These ideals and principles have been followed as closely as possible by Alberta Pool Elevators. It is the ambition of the organization to make this co-operative enterprise respected and trusted by all grain growers, its operations an open book to its patrons and its standing broad and widened confidence in the public. Confidence is the foundation of all human relationships which possess the quality of endurance. The growth and life of any institution depends on the confidence it inspires and commands and can hold.

There is no more unanswerable way of expressing confidence in the worthiness of the ideals and objectives of this movement than by deliveries of bushels—wagon loads and car loads of grain to

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THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Find The Bodies Of Missing Manitoba Pilots On Shores Of Lake

Winnipeg.—Bodies of George Mackie and Len Blackwell, flyers of the Northwest Aero Marine Service and missing for the past 10 days, Sunday, August 27 lay in the morgue here.

Culminating a search over a wide area 100 miles northeast of here along the shores of Lake Winnipeg, the bodies were found **at an inquest at Pine Falls, Man., into the crash of their plane.** The inquiry stands adjourned for a week.

The two flyers disappeared while on a search for two others in the service of the Northwest Aero Marine—Charles Scarff and E. L. Smith. Both Scarff and Smith were found after their plane had been forced down.

Bill May, another pilot of the Northwest, and Wilfred Park, his mechanic, and three others from Pine Falls, Manitoba, were out for four days in a launch as they participated in the search for Mackie and Blackwell. The five were found late Saturday, August 26.

While the two planes in which Mackie and Blackwell were carried to their death has not yet been disclosed, the plane apparently dived into Lake Winnipeg during a storm. The wreckage of the plane was discovered by Pilot C. T. Travers of the Manitoba government air service.

The body found unclad, at first believed to be that of Harry Sigurdson, 35, missing from his home at Pine Falls 12 days ago, was identified as that of Mackie. The body sighted from the air and lying on the shore four miles from where Mackie's body was found, was identified as that of Blackwell.

Although both bodies were badly battered by high waves of the lake, which has been stormy for over two weeks, identification was established at the opening of the inquest at Pine Falls. Domestic aviation officials are expected to make a formal report into the crash. The bodies will be brought to Winnipeg for burial.

Selling Wheat Holdings

Statistics Show Amount Held In Storage Is Dropping

Ottawa—Canada is selling its big wheat holdings, it is shown by the "Dominion Bureau of Statistics." In the week ending July 27, 1933, wheat holdings dropped from 157,231,697 bushels to 155,233,667, a reduction of 2,107,930. At the same time Canadian wheat, American elevators amounted to 10,386,124 bushels, compared to 5,262,912 last year.

United States wheat in Canada was placed at the negligible figure of two million bushels, compared with 3,700,660 bushels last year.

In transit, wheat on the lakes amounted to 3,691,531 bushels, compared with 4,098,415 bushels for the previous week and 3,238,639 bushels for the corresponding week in 1933.

Amendments To London Wheat Pact Will Be Considered

London.—Five important amendments to the London wheat agreement of 1933 will be considered by the world conference on nutrition when it meets again in Budapest, Hungary, on November 20.

The conference adjourned its London meeting until that date, having failed to reach the final stage at least in its two main objectives, namely, international export quotas for the current crop year, and getting agreement on further acreage reduction.

The proposed amendments, which in the interval will be submitted to the 21 countries signatory to the wheat pact for their consideration, make radical changes in the export quota system which ruled during the last crop year, ending July 31.

The amendments embody these changes:

(1) Proposed extension of the world wheat agreement from July 31, 1933, to July 31, 1937.

(2) Proposed continuance of efforts to adjust wheat production to demand, and to adjust distribution of surplus stocks.

(3) Established principles on which the quotas for principal exporters are to be adjusted from time to time.

Want Regulations Altered

Cattle Shippers Cannot Afford Stop-over On Bay Route

Prince Albert.—Immediate alteration of the direct shipment of cattle to Churchill was urged here by leading livestock producers of Saskatchewan and Alberta.

W. E. Cull, manager of the Saskatchewan Cattle Growers, and J. D. Dwyer, manager of Western Stock Growers, Calgary, were emphatic in declaring Churchill would suffer unless arrangements which force a stop-over at Hudson Bay Junction for feeding cattle.

"Shippers cannot afford to stop over on a run of only 760 miles," Mr. Cull stated. Direct runs of 40 hours were not uncommon in the overland journeys between the two cities, Mr. Dwyer said, and travelling time to the northern port was only 38 hours including a stop of more than an hour at Melfort.

Trade leaders emphasized over the generalizability of the port should regulations be changed, and declared treatment at the hands of officials was also of the best.

Ransom Payment Illegal

Claim Is It Contrary To Law To Pay Kidnap Ransom Money

Toronto.—Payment of kidnap ransom on blackmail demands is illegal in British Columbia, Attorney W. B. Burchell said here. The criminal code does not cover payment of ransom specifically, a clause making it an indictable offence to "willfully obstruct, pervert or defeat the course of justice" may apply, he added.

Stating that in the absence of alteration by Canadian legislation the English common law applies in Canada, the attorney general said the English legal authorities to show the amount of money in such a case is regarded in England as "ridiculous and abetting" a crime.

"So long as the people of Canada are prepared to pay blackmail we are not likely to get rid of the racket," he added.

Canada And Naval Defence

Should Defend Pacific Coast With Own Navy

Montreal.—Canada should defend the Pacific coast with her own navy and not the British navy, policed the Atlantic," according to the suggestion of Sir Philip Yorke Tyrwhitt, admiral of the British fleet, who sailed aboard the liner *Montcalm*.

He said Canada should not count on the British navy to protect both coasts, "and the world," but "you might protect one with your own navy. You could look the Atlantic coast for us to look after, while perhaps you could look after the Pacific yourself."

Work For The Empire

Co-operation Would Lead The World To Peace And Stability

Vancouver.—A British Commonwealth, solving its own problems, would be in a position to help the world to peace and economic stability, was pictured at Vancouver Canadian Club luncheon in an address by Baron Thomas James Cheshire Tomlin, member of the privy council.

It is too much to say that this spirit of helpfulness and co-operation will spring up in the empire and flourish as a flower in a field of stubble," he said. "Through it we may bring the highest standard of common good and teach the world our problem. Let us make our future as glorious as our past."

Lord Tomlin thought the world was suffering from lack of new inventions. "The spirit of co-operation and too hasty consumption of new inventions. He reminded his audience he knew something about inventions for he had been chairman of a royal commission on inventions.

Lord Tomlin paid a tribute to the United Empire Loyalists and expressed the hope that their spirit of co-operation would live in Canada to assist the Dominion in working out its problems.

Fisher Body Contest

Western Youths Win \$5,000 Scholarship

Chicago.—Two of the six major scholarships awards for competitions held by the Fisher Body Craftsman Guild went to Canadian youths; it was announced at the international convention of the guild.

The major awards were valued at \$5,000, and the Canadian boys winning were J. Ross Ferguson, 20, of Vancouver (1939 Talgarfar street), and Frank B. Smith, 19, of 15, of Regina (220 Winnipeg street).

Six other scholarships awarded for miniature coaches of superb workmanship to Canadians included: Lawrence Drerett, Edmonton, \$1,000, senior; and Vernon M. Parish, Medicine Hat, Alta., \$500, senior.

Precious Metal Salvaged

Silver From Sunken Steamer Egypt Taken To England

London.—Carrying gold and silver bars worth nearly \$1,000,000, the Italian sailing vessel *Artiglio* tied up at the port of Liverpool yesterday.

The precious metal is part of the cargo of the steamer *Egypt*, sunk off Ushant 14 years ago while carrying \$6,000,000 in bullion. Four million dollars were recovered during the past two years, but this year the work was much more difficult, as the vessel had settled deep into the ocean bed.

The cargo brought in by the *Artiglio* was obtained after two months of hard work.

Increase French Fleet

More Ships To Protect Coast Of France From North Sea Attacks

Cherbourg, France.—Reinforcement of the French fleet in the English channel to plug up weaknesses in the British naval maneuvers east May is in progress under orders of Francois Faure, minister of the navy.

Two battleships of the Provence class were to be modernized at shipyards in Brest, and will be kept at that port. They will be added to the fleet known as the second squadron, the duty of which is to protect the coast of France from attack from the North Sea.

The third division, consisting of

two battleships, the Provence and modernized at shipyards in Brest, will be kept at that port. They will be added to the fleet known as the second squadron, the duty of which is to protect the coast of France from attack from the North Sea.

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Facts Go To Prove That The West Is Rapidly Learning Its Lesson Of Diversified Farming

By SENATOR W. A. BUCHANAN
In Canadian Business

Alberta leads Canada in per capita production of commercial hogs. Statistically, Alberta has the year marked 1,032,160 hogs three years running. The West would like to increase livestock production, and Alberta during the depression has shown that it can be done. It only remains for markets to open up, and to offer opportunity for a further increase in this phase of the farming industry.

The fact is proven to-day that the West is "mixing" its agriculture.

It is diversifying according to the best practice, and it is becoming adept at doing so.

No longer can we be accused of being a "one crop" country.

Make Your Own Happiness

Man Is Largely To Blame It Is Hard

Man is the author of his own happiness. He can blame no one but himself for the disposition of circumstances, for it is his own disposition he blames. If this is sour, then he is sour, or the world is sour. He thinks if it is not his world, if he is sour, then it is not sour. If all we were such bad farmers. But the 1931 census furnished us the figures to prove that farmer for farmer if not acre for acre, we have nothing to be ashamed of.

The last census figures showed that there were nearly thirty cattle per farm, more half-cattle per farm, more hogs per farm in Alberta than there are in the prairie province of Ontario. Check the Statistical Branch of Ottawa for the figures. Take the figures for all the prairie provinces last year for another evidence.

Alberta in 1933 marketed 1,032,160 hogs. Ontario, with more than three times the population, marketed 1,300,000 hogs. The second largest prairie province in point of population, marketed a mere 65,000 hogs.

We did our share in beef cattle production in 1933, too. Alberta marketed last year 123,000 head of cattle shipped 10,488 of these to the Old Country, and a market supplied approximately 200,000-600,000 pounds of beef and pork for consumption. Alberta's consumption of these two meat commodities is in the neighborhood of 65,000,000 pounds annually. Our surplus, for which we had to find a market outside the province, was more than our home consumption.

At a time when Canadians are being told to grow more wheat, and more production of wheat, which is the West's financial mainstay, this matter of livestock production and livestock markets takes a double significance. If we take acre of land, we have to grow it, and give them over to coarse grains and pasture for livestock, or let them go back to weeds. And we have millions of acres of virgin land available for cattle and sheep grazing upon which we can expand the stock market, and expand pastures, an acre out of wheat. Alberta has practically tripled hog production between 1931 and 1933 while, at the same time, we have practically doubled our wheat acreage. It is being forced by the market officials that we shall soon be leading Canada in hog production, it being pointed out that Ontario has come close to the saturation point in the production of pork. The increase in hog production per person during the past year is due to the increasing market for Canadian bacon in the British Isles. Is just the stimulus needed to encourage hog growers to expand their hogs.

What has happened in hog production is happening in production of dairy products in Alberta. In 1933 the province set a new all-time record in creamery butter production, in the neighborhood of 25,000,000 pounds. Butter products approximated \$12,700,000 as compared with a total valuation of \$52,000,000 for feed crops—another evidence that, so far at least as Alberta is concerned we are rapidly learning the lesson of diversified farming.

Dairying and hog production, therefore, are rapidly taking up the slack in our agricultural fabric. But, as is the case with wheat, we in the West are learning the lesson that we consume, and the importance of markets abroad grows more acute.

Whether in these days of extreme nationalism throughout the world, the West can go on expanding live stock and dairy production while holding its place as the world's largest producer of fine milling wheat

Cunard White Star Superliners

Massive Propelling Machinery Being Installed Most Powerful Ever Constructed

Rapid progress is being made in the construction of the propelling machinery for the Cunard White Star superliners, which will be launched at Clydebank, Scotland, attended by Her Majesty Queen Mary, attended by the King. When completed, this installation will be the most powerful ever constructed for any vessel, and the forces reserved in the ship for turbines and auxiliary machinery will equal the total length of some large Atlantic liners.

The length of the propelling machinery calls for the attention of highly specialized mechanics. Every one of the 257,000 turbine blades, varying in length from two to sixteen inches, requires expert testing by the manufacturer, and the number of delicate cutting and are lined up to a thousandth of an inch.

Holes in the stern of the hull are being bored to receive the propeller shafts. This installation consists of a series of forged steel shafts approximately 33 feet long. When joined together each complete line of shafting will extend a distance of nearly 230 feet, being a distance of nearly 230 feet in length from the hull of the first Cunard liner, "Britannia."

The greater part of the propelling machinery will be fitted into the ship after the hull is completed. The total weight of the various parts it will be necessary for them to be handled in sections.

The four propellers of the No. 334 are the largest ever built for a ship. Each weighs about 50 tons and have a spread of nearly 20 feet from tip to tip. The propellers are made of manganese bronze because of its great strength, non-corrosive and non-erodic qualities. They were cast in the foundry which supplied the propellers for the British battleship Hood.

Farmer Is Greatest Gambler

Who is the greatest gambler? We may say, the farmer, gamblers with the weather, with the soil, with grasshoppers, with army worms, with grubs and a score of other plagues—a desperate chance. If he wins, as he does occasionally, he comes off with a big stake; if he loses, which he does frequently, he has a chance to try again. Happily he is a good loser, or the world would starve.

Some Unusual Operations

Nova Scotia Doctors Have Had Success With Crude Instruments

That story from Chicago about the doctor who saved a child from strangulation with a kitchen knife and a piece of rubber hose, didn't stir up much excitement among Halifax medical men.

They recalled that one of their number had saved a life in just a slightly different way. Without time to get his instruments, he had reached a home where a child lay near death from appendicitis.

In the house he found an ordinary jack-knife. While this was being sterilized by boiling he took the father's clay pipe and snapped off the stem close to the bowl. This was inserted with the jack-knife and the pipe stem was forced into the lad's windpipe. Life-giving air flowed into the lungs instantly, and subsequently he made a full recovery.

Just as resourceful was another doctor who had to save a life beside of a choking woman with only a scalpel. He picked a hairpin from her head; then he cut a slit in her throat and inserted the hairpin.

So that the patient could keep a hold of the hairpin, he cut a piece of leather string to each prop, and brought the strings around her neck and knotted them firmly at the rear. The makeshift enabled the stricken woman to breathe temporarily, and she could be taken to hospital for an operation. She too recovered, and to-day is alive and well.

Strange Weather Prophet

Onion Used By Man In Making Accurate Forecast

Marshall's famous "onion" weather prophet, Edward Beneath, is dead. He was 69.

Each New Year Mr. Beneath would go to the basement of his cobler shop in Marshfield, Wisconsin, and by the light of a candle would cut apart onions until he found one suitable for his accurate weather forecast.

Studying 12 circles of the onion, Beneath would essay to foretell the weather for the coming year during the last half hour of the old year and the first half hour of the new.

Accuracy of his predictions won for him a nation-wide reputation.

Girls Take Up Dentistry

Profession Is Attractive To Formosa Girls

It appears that centuries were past and the pyramids crumble and fade before Egypt, the ever-old and ever-young, knew the delectability of the Canadian apple. Indeed, until two or three years ago Egypt was a Canadian apple grower, but as soon as the Canadian apple became known Egypt it became the fourth largest consumer of that popular Canadian fruit. The quality of the fruit is great, and the market situation in Egypt is exceptionally good, stated Miss Douglas.

"She offers a reduction in her set prices to all patients who are Christians."

STARS GLEAM FOR ROYAL EXILES



The stars are growing more favourable for exile royalty in Europe, observe below. At Doorn, Holland, the ex-royal world-champion boxer Kaiser Wilhelm II, cast his anxious eyes at his former German domain, where the populace has endured political insecurity for most of the past two years. Not much farther away than a "Big Bertha" shell could travel, was the handsome Prince Otto at a villa near Brussels, Belgium, hoping to hear trumpets sound for the restoration of the ancient house of Habsburg to its throne in Austria and Hungary.

Western Farmers Favor Plan For Planting Tree Belt Across The Dried Out Areas of Prairies

The World Advances

Science Making Living Conditions More Pleasant

While nations may haggle over boundaries, bargain in nationalism and the development of their economies, trade gesticulate, the reports of increasing supplies of war materials, science goes forward in its efforts to make the business of everyday living more easy and more pleasant.

The other day a gentleman in a suit and tie, who was a guest on the S.S. Empress of Britain on the high seas, the conversation was sent by wires to New York, then to London, and then transmitted to the radio and back to the vessel. The hook-up was made in fast time, and the three minutes talk was quite clearly heard.

Just recently, Premier Bennett, sitting in Ottawa, wired electrically to the Grand Building opposite Canada House in London, England; and his words were written in a running line of illuminated electric letters at the foot of this same sign.

A moment later the Premier pressed a lever and the sign sprang to life.

These two incidents are typical of the marvel of the modern world, a marvel the world has not achieved through the ability of science.

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Apples In Egypt

Egypt Fourth Largest Consumer Of Apples

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"She offers a reduction in her set prices to all patients who are Christians."

To Winter Livestock

Plans Discussed At Calgary To Care For Cattle During Winter

Plans for the feeding of Western cattle during the winter were discussed at Calgary by a committee appointed by the Dominion Agricultural Credit Association, the representative of the Central Alberta Farmers' Association, the Olds and Southern Alberta Co-operative Association.

Two plans were discussed. One plan provided for cattle to be purchased outright from the rancher, the credit company advancing the major portion of the money and the farmer the rest. The other called for the advance of 50 per cent of the steer value by the credit company to assist the farmer in carrying over his stock until next spring.

A Costly Butter

A wealthy Scotman, William MacQueen, is leading a scientific expedition to the wilds of the Ayen territory, skinning animals in Mongolia.

He is striving to get there an American expedition now hurrying to the same district. Mr. MacQueen is spending \$5,000 on the race because he wants to be the first to discover a new species of butterfly reported to be found in the Ayen region.

With the announcement of the start of the tree belt in the United States comes a suggestion from members of the Canadian Parliament that federal authorities should take under consideration a tree belt plan for the half part of the prairies.

In this connection Alan Beaven, of the Canadian Forest Service, is now planning a who has been working in southern Manitoba, and is now going to northwest Saskatchewan and Alberta has discussed the proposal of tree belt with hundred of ranchers in Manitoba and Saskatchewan and he reports that the project is one the farmers want. It is feasible it can be done as a relief measure and as to details of inauguration and supervision, these should be left to the authorities.

There are several excellent reasons given by Mr. Beaven for the construction of a tree belt in dried-out Saskatchewan.

These seven reasons are:

- Cooling effect on atmosphere.
- Reducing effect of sweeping winds.
- Conservation of moisture.
- Formation of surface moisture.
- Breeding grounds and homes for insectivorous birds.
- Improved conditions for diversification in farming.
- Improved living conditions for the people.

Basics for improving conditions, according to Mr. Beaven, in the first place, that the tree belt will assist in holding the soil in place, and that the soil will be improved and time shortened. Nor has any of the glamor or excitement or the salt of satisfaction been taken out of living thereby.

The country in this lovely part of the world has enough land available to use these instruments, so potential of constructive well-being or so potential of destructive chaos that their own happiness and everlasting well-being of the people, the international, political and economic affairs, this is a question that should cause much sincere heart-searching.

—Winnipeg Free Press

Winnipeg Free Press

Taking Periods of Time, such as 10 Years, Moisture and Precipitation Records and Velocity of Winds have not changed greatly, but intensive agricultural development has changed much on the prairies.

Farmers operations, he says, have gone on, until much of the crust has been done away with, the sod turned to the sun, and then the sweeping winds have started soil drifting, or the other way around, the amount of vegetation since prairie settlement has turned the prairies at this time into a potential desert.

As to the cost of the project, Mr. Beaven says that it would not be more than \$100,000,000 to put it on the prairie to date, and that 90 per cent of the outlay would go direct to the farmer for labor.

Mr. Beaven has observed that certain prairie ranchers, he says, have not been more than \$100,000,000 to put it on the prairie to date, and that 90 per cent of the outlay would go direct to the farmer for labor.

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At the bottom of the page are the names of the two men in the photograph.

How To Order Patterns

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WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Raymond Poincaré, former premier of France, who "saved the frang" in 1914, recently observed his 71st birthday.

The price of flour in London was reduced one shilling per bag of 280 pounds. The new price is 31 shillings and sixpence including the four shillings provided by the Wheat Quota Act.

Premier Mitchell F. Hepburn, of Ontario, declared his government would welcome introduction of unemployment insurance by the Dominion administration.

The United States army bombing planes comprising the Alaska flight squadron, landed at Belling field, Washington, recently, completing their 10,000 mile round trip to the north.

Kidnapping, not murder, is the new heinous crime of the year. B. K. Sanders, editor of the Toronto Saturday Night, declared in a recent address.

The discovery of a vegetable fluid which may supersede the use of blood for purposes of transfusion, was made during the 1932 session of the Dominion parliament was an act to amend the Canada Grain Act. The changes in this act place the statutory grades of No. 2 Manitou Northern wheat on a par with No. 1 Manitoba wheat, as far as milling quality is concerned, and also empowers the Canadian Standard Committee to depict with the different varieties of grain which may be milled to determine to time that they may be graded as the best marketing advantage without interfering with the quality of the main Canadian standard grades.

Premier Benito Mussolini is not necessarily unfavorable to restoration of the monarchy, but he has even over a concluded Austria-Hungary, he told Archduke Otto von Habsburg in a secret interview recently in Italy.

"We shall not only oppose a recommendation of a 40-hour week as the means for relieving unemployment, but we shall oppose any proposal to submit it to a vote," was the conclusion in a report.

Amy Johnson Mollison will be the first woman pilot on the regular cross-channel service. She accepted a position with the British Imperial Airways, explaining she wants the maximum practice before she enters the London-to-Australia air races with her husband next October.

Prospecting for diamonds will be undertaken by the time the British Columbia miners, by Thomas W. Hindmarsh and George Ogden, both of Vanderhoof, B.C., leases on two 10-acre pieces on the Nechako river, sought by the two men for this purpose, were approved by the provincial cabinet.

Wheat Exports

Total Exports For Past Twelve Months Show Falling Off

Wheat sent to the United Kingdom in the 12 months ended June 30, 1932, 1,243,600 bushels, of the value of \$6,573,000, compared with 10,372,234 at \$7,861,321 a year ago, the bureau of statistics announced. The total export of wheat to all countries during the past 12 months was 10,000,000 bushels, compared with the previous 12 months and to the United Kingdom about 42,000,000 bushels.

July export of wheat to the United Kingdom was 264,995 barrels, valued at \$953,328, compared with 204,044 barrels in the previous year. The export to the United Kingdom in the past 12 months was 2,718,114 barrels, valued at \$9,331,958, compared with 2,375,063, valued at \$7,639,050 in the previous 12 months. The export to the United Kingdom is about half of the total export to all countries.

Must Be A Habit

Magistrates Free Man Because Charged Carried Left Pocket

In which trouser pocket does a man carry his change? The question arose in a recent case in a Rhyd, Wales, court. A man accused of stealing a silver ring from a young store owner placed it in his right hand while he put his left hand in his pocket for the money. The druggist then showed him a dairer brush, which he bought. Near home he found he still had the cheaper brush and the ring. He was asked to return it if the police came. After his testimony the magistrates placed their hands in their trouser pockets. Their money was in their left-hand pockets, and they freed the man.

A new radio typewriter has transmitted a weather map with tabulated weather data in 7½ minutes, as compared with about 15 minutes required by the wire machines now in service.

Milkman—"If you won't pay for your milk, you might at least give me the empty bottles."

Woman—"What do you allow for empty bottles?"

W. N. U. 2061

A Viking's End

C.P.R. Steams Up Pacific Coast To Be Broken Up

An old queen of the coast-seas of British Columbia, with the memories of many mariners upon her decks, had been given a viking's end recently.

The Canadian Pacific Steamships S.S. Princess Royal, already stripped of the fittings that made her a passenger liner, was given a bath of oil and a torch put to her. She blazed aside to the beach between Esquimalt and Albert Head. What is left of her will be broken into scrap and shipped to Japan.

The Princess Royal was built at Esquimalt in 1907, registered 981 tons, and was 228 feet long.

The Canadian Grain Act

Wheat Graded To The Best Market Advantage

Among the eight bills affecting agriculture introduced by the government during the 1932 session of the Canadian parliament was the grades of the 26th annual convention of the Vegetable Growers' Association of America at Toronto.

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By Ruth Rogers



JAUNTY SMARTNESS AND SLIMNESS, TOO

In coat type dress so smart for now and early fall days.

Today's smart pattern shows a new and different way of the coat dress in slim, straight wrap-around style. A woman rather heavily built in the middle, who has a rosewood-brown novità rayon crepe that looks like wool. The attire is a wrap-around, with the belt and the belt ends are bengaline. They can be just right to the dress, so as to be easily removable.

Black crepe satin would be stunning in this model with effective trimmings of bengaline.

Canton crepe, heavy pebbled crepes, metal threaded novelties in woolen, gay, gay, ribbon, etc., are other pretty materials.

Style No. 542 is designed for sizes 16 to 20, bust 36 to 40 inches and 16 to 20 inches waist. Size 36 requires 3½ yards of 39-inch material with 1½ yards of 36-inch material.

Costume pattern 20 cents, a stamp or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coat carefully.

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